

**Department of Historic Resources
Reconnaissance Level Survey**

Isle Of Wight

DHR ID#: 046-5033

Resource Identification

Property Name(s): Arthur Scott House Ruins {Historic}
Plank Building {Historic}
Thomas Farm {Historic}

Property Date: ca 1800

Address(s): Route 620 {Current}

County/Independent City: Isle Of Wight

Vicinity of: Central Hill

State, Zip: Virginia

Magisterial District: Hardy

USGS Quad Name: RAYNCR

Surrounding area: Rural

Restricted location data?: No

National Register Eligibility Status

Property is Historic (50 years or older)

Property has been recommended Eligible for listing or is listed on the National Register of Historic Places

The property received an evaluation rating of 30.00.

Resource Description

Ownership Status: Private

Primary Resource Exterior Component Description:

<u>Component</u>	<u>Comp Type/Form</u>	<u>Material</u>	<u>Material Treatment</u>
Chimneys		Brick	Chimneys - Common Bond

Site Description: The site around the ruins is overgrown. There are patches of jonquils around the front, back, and side of the ruins. Cultivated fields surround the area where the ruins and outbuildings are located. The ruins are approximately fifty feet from Route 620.

Secondary Resource Desc: The collapsed barn stands close to the house ruins, just north of the ruins. The plank structure is west of the house ruins.

WUZIT Count:

<u>No.</u>	<u>Wuzit Types</u>	<u>Historic?</u>
1	Ruins	Contributing
2	Barn	Contributing
1	Water-Related	Non-Contributing

NR Resource Count:

<u>#</u>	<u>NR Resource Type</u>	<u>Contributing Status</u>
3	Building	Contributing
Contributing: 3.00 Total: 3.00		

**Department of Historic Resources
Reconnaissance Level Survey**

Isle Of Wight

DHR Id#: 046-5033

Individual Resource Information

WUZIT: Barn

Est. Date of Construction: 1800 ca {VDHR Survey File}

Accessed? Yes

Primary Resource? No

Number of Stories: 1.0

Architectural Style: No Style Listed

Condition: Fair

Interior Plan Type: Undivided Space (non-domestic)

Threats to Resource: Neglect

Description: This is a one story, single-bay building of plank construction with a gable roof of 5-V metal. The building sits on block piers of an undetermined material. The back of the building is sheathed with 5-V metal. There are sheds on the other three sides of the building and it appears that at one time they were at least partially enclosed with vertical boards. The plank building, exclusive of the sheds, measures approximately 16' by 21' 1-1/2".

FOR FURTHER DETAIL ON THE BARN PLEASE SEE FILE.

WUZIT: Ruins

Est. Date of Construction: 1800 ca {VDHR Survey File}

Accessed? No No: accessible

Primary Resource? Yes

Number of Stories: 2.0

Architectural Style: No Style Listed

Condition: Poor

Interior Plan Type:

Threats to Resource: None Known

Description: The foundation of the cellar is a 5-course American Bond brickwork. The two chimneys consist of common-bond brick. One chimney is a two-story chimney which sits closest to Route 620. The second chimney is one story, with a small, double-shoulder about half the height of its stack.

WUZIT: Barn

Est. Date of Construction: 1900 ca {VDHR Survey File}

Accessed? No Not accessible

Primary Resource? No

Number of Stories: 1.0

Architectural Style: No Style Listed

Condition: Deteriorated

Interior Plan Type:

Threats to Resource: Neglect

Description: This is a barn, in ruinous condition. It is covered with vertical weatherboard.

Cemetery Information

Bridge Information

National Register Eligibility Information (Intensive Level Survey)

NR Criteria: A- Associated with broad pattern of events
C- Architecture/Engineering

NR Areas of Significance: Architecture
Agriculture

Historic Context(s): Domestic

Period of Significance: ca. 1800

Historic Time Period(s): O- Civil War (1861 to 1865)
P- Reconstruction and Growth (1865 to 1914)
M- Early National Period (1789-1830)
N- Antebellum Period (1830 to 1860)

Department of Historic Resources
Reconnaissance Level Survey

Isle Of Wight

DHR Id#: 046-5033

Significance Statement:

The plank building's period of significance is its period of construction in the late-18th or early-19th centuries, roughly 1790s to 1840s. Buildings of plank construction first appeared in the South in the late seventeenth century and were common throughout the South in the 18th and early 19th centuries. It is thought that this building served in an agricultural capacity, perhaps as a granary. Although plank buildings are not unknown in the southeastern Virginia and northeastern North Carolina region, they are a rare surviving resource type.

Bibliographic Documentation

Ownership Information

Graphic Media Documentation

<u>Medium</u>	<u>Depositor ID #</u>	<u>Photo Depository</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>File Name</u>
B&W 35mm prints		PIF	2001/02/07	

Cultural Resource Management (CRM) Events

CRM Event # 1,

Cultural Resource Management Event: DHR Staff: Eligible

Date: 2001/05/10

Organization or Person:

CRM Event Notes or Comments:

CRM Event # 2,

Cultural Resource Management Event: Reconnaissance Survey

Date: 2001/07/07

Organization or Person: Cray & Pape-Meacham

CRM Event Notes or Comments: PPMS 11481